

BRYAN IS PLAYING DESPERATE GAME FOR NOMINATION

(Continued from First Page.)

leaving the deepest concern. How he has an ungrateful descendant from the estate he had assumed is written. In an interview given out today, John Temple Gray says that Flood is the only figure in the convention who has made an approach at coming with Bryan.

Many friends of the Virginia Congressman, reading of the boom for him today, congratulating him. He leaves the movement no encouragement, but it has by no means been abandoned. He is a strong possibility, although no vice-presidential boom can be successful handed until the candidate for President has been chosen.

It does not appear that Clark can be eliminated, and Bryan is forced to remain in the position, which becomes more and more precarious. Nor is there any cause for believing that Wilson has a reasonable

chance. Who the dark horse will be is a matter of conjecture.

Bryan's Opposition Is Effective.

The conservatives are willing to go to Underwood, but Bryan has so duped them in a reactionary that it is feared by many it would be difficult to disabuse the public mind in one short campaign. The progressives may fight for Kern of Indiana.

There is no change in sight in the Virginia delegation. Members are willing to stand by Underwood as long as Flood asks them, which will be as long as there is a chance of the nomination. The Alabamian, The Wilson adherents are standing like a stone wall and will not yield. Governor Mann, who has voted for Underwood on a portion of the ballots, will not, it is understood, return to Baltimore.

W. W. Saunders, of Richmond, will vote for his alternative. To all appearances tomorrow will present the most exciting scenes in a convention which has been full of drama.

CLARK-BRYAN FEUD DWARF'S INTEREST IN REAL PROBLEMS

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visiting his supporters that nothing could be accomplished by fostering differences of opinion at this time.

Visit of Clark Spurs His Leaders.

Mr. Clark's night visit to Baltimore spurred his leaders to unusual activity. The speaker, after an early morning conference with Mr. Hurst, Senator Francis, Mr. Francis, his manager, Mr. Dubois and others, where the statement attacking Mr. Bryan was composed, took a short nap and left early in the day for Washington. Whether he would return tomorrow and endeavor to address the convention in answer to Mr. Bryan's speech of Saturday was declared at the Clark headquarters to be problematical. None in the confidence of the actual managers of the Clark interests would say anything about the speaker's intentions. Some of the lesser leaders were divided in their belief. A few declared that Mr. Clark would ask for an opportunity to appear before the convention to deny the intimations by Mr. Bryan that he had made deals with the Morgans, Ryans, Belmonts, etc. Others insisted that Mr. Clark could not make any effort to go before the convention, but that his own statement, together with those of his friends and supporters, which were prepared today at two conferences, would be sufficient for an answer.

One of the results of Mr. Clark's visit was to bring together his principal campaign directors in the group and to have them discuss the nomination of Judge Parker for temporary chairman. It was decided to make the nomination of Judge Parker for temporary chairman in the contest against Mr. Bryan. The "Clark Clark advisory committee" met late today and issued the following statement:

The statement that the management of the Clark campaign worked like levers for the nomination of Judge Parker for temporary chairman is absolutely untrue. Clark's support was divided between Parker and Bryan. It could not have been controlled either for Parker or Bryan, and no effort was made to do so. There was no attempt at manipulation in favor of or antagonistic to the interests of Mr. Bryan. There was no deal and not attempted combination of any sort.

In another room a conference of twenty-six members of the Clark executive committee was held, at which another statement was prepared to the same effect, and in nearly the same language.

Hope to Turn Tide Back.

The leaders of the Clark campaign declared today, was to lay a foundation for a determined endeavor on the part of the Clark forces to check the descriptions from the speaker's

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No Victor south of New York is better equipped to serve you. Large stock to select from both machines and records. Standard prices. Easy terms.

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shall the delegates, it was said, will cast their ballots for whoever they desire. It was said late today that twenty-six out of the thirty Indiana delegates would go to Woodrow Wilson and that after they had voted for him New Jersey Governor they would inaugurate a movement to have Governor Marshall named as Vice-President.

Senator O'Gorman, of New York, and Senator Kern, of Indiana, talked for two hours this afternoon over the situation. Both said their talk had no significance. Senator O'Gorman said that in his opinion Governor Wilson would be the nominee of this convention.

Former Governor Francis, of Missouri, one of the leaders of the Clark movement, said the Clark forces had no intention of retreating and were not considering compromises.

It has been the history of the Democratic party for more than seventy years, said Mr. Francis, "that the man

CLARK WILL REMAIN IN CONTEST TO END

(Continued from First Page.)

election of a Democrat President. I believe that Mr. Clark is right at heart, but during the last few days he has been misled and has failed to take advantage of the opportunities that have been thrown his way. He is now in a position where he is sure to be defeated.

National Chairman Mack called the representatives of the various candidates together soon after the night session closed, with the purpose of ascertaining what candidates, if any, would withdraw and what "dark horse" possible could be united on. It was understood that no representative of Governor Wilson's candidacy was present at this conference.

The deadlock is discussed from every angle, and the various leaders present disclosed their strategic positions with the plain purpose of convincing the others that his candidacy was the logical choice. Senator Francis, of Alabama, campaign manager for Mr. Underwood, made the conference a long speech, in which he said that all the opponents of Mr. Underwood should retire on the ground that neither Wilson nor Clark could be nominated in the present temper of the convention, and that if either side would join with Mr. Underwood, the floor leader of the House, with the addition of votes from Harman and Marshall, could be named.

Representative Speaker Clark and Governor Marshall also made apparent that they were in no mood to give way and when the conference was over National Chairman Mack remarked that the situation seemed to be in a deadlock, and that it was when the session ended last night. After an extended conference of leaders this afternoon for the purpose of ascertaining what could be done to break the deadlock, National Chairman Mack had the following to say:

"Representatives of all the candidates were present and each made clear the position of his choice for the nomination. I can say that there is no change in the situation as a result of this conference, and there is no immediate prospect that there will be. Certainly I don't look for any change between now and the time the next ballot is taken tomorrow."

Some of those attending the conference were National Chairman Mack, Charles H. Marshall, leader of Tammany Hall, Representative A. Mitchell Palmer, of Pennsylvania; Senator Stone, of Missouri; former Governor David R. Francis, of Missouri; Senator Luke Lea, of Tennessee, and National Committee Chairman J. M. McKim, of New York.

Time for Settlement.

Mr. Mack expressed the opinion that the time had come when a settlement should be reached, and that the high quality of leadership would be shown by the leaders would forget that they were for any particular candidate. Notwithstanding the free exchange of opinions and suggestions no definite results were reached. As one of the leaders remarked after a long discussion, "this seems to be a deadlock."

The feeling among the delegates tonight was that the convention was in for another long fight to name a ticket. Judge Martin J. Wade, national committeeman from Iowa, said that Clark would show an increased strength on the first ballot tomorrow.

Wade takes the position that the Bryan-Clark affair has solidified the Clark forces and that they will never give in. "We will stay here all night," he said, "if it is necessary. It is now a question of this or that man's candidacy, but whether this convention will vote to sustain an attack on a Democrat who has risen from a plowboy to the speakership of the House of Representatives."

The attitude of the Indiana delegation has been the subject of much speculation this afternoon by the managers of Speaker Clark and Governor Wilson. It was learned that the Indiana delegates will continue to cast their thirty votes for Governor Marshall for several more ballots, in the hope that the Clark vote may split up and some of it land in the camp of the Indiana Governor. The Indiana folks said tonight that Governor Foss, of Massachusetts, had been "horribly tried out" at a dark night and that he had developed strength after several ballots. It was argued that sooner or later a vote for Governor Marshall would be logical.

In the event it is clear that the convention will not

MINIATURE ALMANAC
July 1, 1912.
Sun. rises... 4:54 Sun. sets... 7:24

who received a majority of the vote of the convention was the nominee of the party. Mr. Clark received a majority of the convention's vote and is the moral nominee.

Will Stand Firm.

Senator Bankhead, backed with some expertise that he was weary of the talk that the Underwood forces would compromise. "Mr. Underwood is the logical choice for President," said Senator Bankhead, "and we propose to stand firm. They have got to come to us."

The Underwood managers expressed themselves as entirely satisfied with events up to the present time. They believe their day is coming and that their plan of campaign, which is waiting one, has been justified. After the other leading candidates have demonstrated their inability to secure the nomination, the Underwood men say their chance will come. With that end in view it was said that the Underwood supporters had not tried to increase the vote of their candidate on any of the twenty-six ballots taken thus far. Their attitude has been to let every man have his day and the same time keeping Underwood before the delegates. The time must come, they feel, when the convention will recognize the necessity for a realignment, and when that comes the strength of the Underwood campaign will be tested.

Because of this phase of the Underwood campaign, there is no spirit of compromise in their camp except a compromise of the other forces upon Underwood as a compromise which is waiting one, has been justified. After the other leading candidates have demonstrated their inability to secure the nomination, the Underwood men say their chance will come. With that end in view it was said that the Underwood supporters had not tried to increase the vote of their candidate on any of the twenty-six ballots taken thus far. Their attitude has been to let every man have his day and the same time keeping Underwood before the delegates. The time must come, they feel, when the convention will recognize the necessity for a realignment, and when that comes the strength of the Underwood campaign will be tested.

An understanding was reached tonight among the West Virginia delegates to disregard the unit rule tomorrow, and let each delegate vote as he pleased. There are several Wilson supporters in the delegation, and it is controlled by the unit rule, and a majority vote of the delegates would be required to do this.

False and Infamous.

Mr. Clark then quoted at length from the statement which Mr. Bryan read in the convention and continued: "Although Mr. Bryan's words are upon me the implication is plain. It is that if elected President of the United States, I would consider myself 'obligated' to those whom he mentions, and that I would be under the control of those interests. It would be unbecoming in one holding my present official position to express the indignation which I feel at these veiled aspersions upon my character. My integrity has never before been questioned for the simple reason that never once during the seventeen years I have served in Congress have I been subjected to the test of temptation through wrongful influence in any form. But whether I shall become your designated candidate for President or not, I am your speaker at a time when your party is in the crucible of scrutiny, and I cannot in duty permit these aspersions to pass unheeded. As a speaker of the House of Representatives as a lifelong Democrat, proud of my party as an American man, I pronounce Mr. Bryan's implied accusations both false and infamous."

If I am speaking the truth with respect to this matter, it follows necessarily that the reasons advanced by Mr. Bryan for departing from the time-honored custom of our party in the election of a President are false and infamous.

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EAT HEARTILY
Eat what you like—no ill effects if you take

Coleman's Guarantee
For Indigestion, Dyspepsia, etc. 50c for a large bottle. Ask your druggist.

FLYNN IS READY TO MEET JOHNSON

East Las Vegas, N. M., June 30.—Jim Flynn, the Pueblo freeman, did his last boxing yesterday for his heavyweight championship battle with Jack Johnson Thursday afternoon. The freeman went twelve hard rounds and finished as fresh as a daisy. As he passed the big training box mits aside he said:

"I have had all the boxing I need for that big fellow. He always could outbox me, but boxing alone will not win this fight. I shall devote the rest of my time to lumbering up exercise and building up for the clash with the negro. I can say that with my boxing preparation finished I never felt more confident in my ability. I will be champion of the world Fourth of July night."

Two thousand Las Vegas fans who long to see the white race redeemed pugilistically watched the freeman go through his work. Jim looked burly and might make a good business for himself.

Johnson did his usual eight miles on the road this morning and boxed ten rounds with his sparring partner in the afternoon. His helpers gave him little benefit in the boxing line, and it is known Johnson regrets that he did not secure better men. Jack announced that he would box again tomorrow and Tuesday. He weighed 213½ pounds.

What is the Greentree Maid? BROAD AT SEVENTH

Broad Rock
The Official Water of the American Druggists' Syndicate. Adopted as such because IT IS THE PUREST.

WEST POINT
Enjoys Shippin as RICHMOND

recognizing the voice of the majority are not reasons at all, but the shallowest of pretexts put forward to achieve some purpose which I shall not attempt to divine.

"I bid you then, say to my friends that I accept with deepest gratitude the renewed assurances of loyalty, and now declare without qualification that my name will remain before the convention, subject to no trade or sticker, until two-thirds of the delegates shall ratify or refuse to ratify the action of the majority."

TORNADO CLAIMS TOLL OF 500 LIVES

(Continued from First Page.)

miles east of Regina, and also at Melville, on the Grand Trunk Pacific.

Fire which broke out in the J. F. Cairns department store to-night spread so rapidly that the building was speedily destroyed. The loss, it is estimated, will be over \$500,000. Other store buildings in the vicinity were threatened.

The magnitude of the calamity which Regina has suffered, while growing in realization as the rescue work proceeded, could not be fully estimated at a late hour to-night. It seemed certain, however, that the casualties will roll up to a total of between 400 and 500, and that the property loss could hardly be under \$4,000,000, the lowest estimate.

The confusion was such that to determine number of fatalities were out of the question. Every ambulance in the city was working to its limit, carrying the bodies of the killed and the injured to the hospitals.

Dead bodies or the mangled form of some living victim was not uncovered. Hurrying men and women speeding on their way to the hospitals, the streets as the night wore, while the authorities strove their best to bring order out of confusion, succoring the living and to determine as best they could the numbers of the dead.

In a twinkling three of the handsomest churches in Regina were laid in ruins. They were the Methodist, Baptist and Knox Churches, and the first of the city's large buildings to go down. The Methodist Church fell with a crash that sounded above the howling of the storm and the roar of the cloud-burst that accompanied the terrific wind. Then the roof was swept from the Young Men's Christian Association building across Victoria Square, and the walls of the structure shattered, while just beyond the handsome new Public Library was badly wrecked and the church of the Presbyterian denomination was laid in ruins almost as complete as those of the structures farther south. In rapid succession the Masonic Temple and the Telephone Exchange building were attacked and practically leveled.

The storm seemed to spend its greatest fury on the latter structure. Under the mass of wreckage left was the form of many victims, the greater part of them girl operators of the telephone switchboards. Fortunately, although many of the girls were seriously injured, none was killed.

One of the most serious losses to the city was that of the warehouse and the row of grain elevators beside the Canadian Pacific Railway yards. Upon these the farmers of the district were depending for the storage of their crop this season. But one grain elevator remained, and that one much damaged.

The freaks of the storm were remarkable around the railroad yard. Hardly a car remained whole. Several cars were picked up bodily and carried long distances. One was hurled through the freight shed.

Of numbers of persons out on the waters of the lake when the storm broke, five are known to have been drowned.

The whole north side of the city was practically wiped out by the storm. Six hundred families are homeless. The Mayor and City Council have started a fund, and are providing for the destitute. Families were widely separated in the confusion. To-night husbands are searching for their wives and mothers for their children. Men stopped from time to time in their work of rescue to ask passing acquaintances for news of friends and relatives.

Instant Postum
This is the regular Postum in a concentrated form, nothing added. See directions for preparing on other side.

Instant Postum
A 100-cup tin of Instant Postum (no boiling) costs 50 cts. grocers, 5c ct. per cup. Smaller tins at 30 cts.

Standard Postum, large pkg. (the kind which must be boiled 15 min.) 25 cts.

Both produce the same result; one by boiling and the other instantly.

Coffee averages about double that cost.

Housewives appreciate Instant Postum because it is so time, work and fuss in the preparation of a meal; and for its intrinsic merit.

Ask your grocer about it. If he doesn't carry a supply, send us your address with a 2-cent stamp and your grocer's name and we will send you a free sample of this newest food drink.

"There's a Reason"

An Editorial from the Detroit Times June 12, 1912

If The Price of Coffee Would Double Again All The Better!

The price of coffee has doubled in three or four years. And this, despite production has doubled in that time. The reason for the present high price of coffee was sought, and it has been found that the market supply has been artificially restricted.

The Brazilian government is in the operation and participates in the profits to the extent of an export duty of three cents a pound.

And American bankers are financing the scheme.

Diabolical plot? Outrageous conspiracy? Perhaps!

But we did not take our pen in hand to condemn anybody concerned except COFFEE DRINKERS—condemn them and, also, to congratulate them, both upon the present increased price and the probability that it will go higher.

Isn't it exactly inspiring to see American capital finding its way to a foreign country to be used there to the end of exploiting American family pocketbooks?

However, this is not the saddest fact involved, to our way of thinking.

It is most regrettable that the consumption of coffee in this country has increased to a point to warrant manipulation of the supply.

We don't like to look upon coffee as becoming a NECESSITY to the American people, and view with alarm the activities of capital suggesting that it is becoming a necessity.

Coffee isn't good for you. Too much of it is positively harmful. If the present price, doubled in four years, would double again, it would be the best thing that ever happened to the excessive coffee drinker. He wouldn't drink as much of it. Better yet, maybe he wouldn't drink it at all.

Just possibly you have us put down as being a bit nervy in this—coming in and sitting down beside you before the coffee pot and telling you to keep hands off.

Nevertheless, we mean well. We are talking for your good.

You like coffee, probably, and perhaps you think it is none of our business if you drink it or if you drink all you want of it. Babies want those pink pills that look like candy and cry if we don't let them have them.

The same pink pills, left around by careless mothers, have killed many babies.

And many grown people know as little as babies about the care of their bodies.

There are intemperate coffee drinkers the same as there are intemperate drinkers of alcoholic beverages. One cup of coffee isn't going to prove fatal, nor two cups of coffee. Two cups may upset your entire system, make you uneasy, restless and peevish and unfit you for best results for a day, but it will wear off after awhile the same as a whisky drunk wears off.

But bring to us a person who drinks two and three cups of coffee regularly for breakfast, or a person who drinks coffee three times a day, and we will show you a person with a bad-acting heart, a sluggish liver, a disordered stomach and a shattered nervous system.

If you don't believe us, ask your doctor.

He will tell you that coffee contains caffeine, which he gives in the smallest kind of doses for a heart stimulant.

He will tell you further that too much caffeine or too much coffee will give you a palpating heart.

Then if you are satisfied to run the risk of having that kind of a heart, keep right on drinking all the coffee you want, and excuse us for interfering.

(Detroit Times, June 12, 1912.)

Nowadays many coffee drinkers are using

Instant Postum
This new food drink

Contains No Caffeine—Costs Less Than Coffee—Requires No Boiling—and Tastes Better Than Most Coffee.

Stir a spoonful of Instant Postum in a cup of hot water, add cream and sugar to taste, and you at once have a delicious drink that's wholesome, pure, and good for old and young.

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This is the regular Postum in a concentrated form, nothing added. See directions for preparing on other side.

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A 100-cup tin of Instant Postum (no boiling) costs 50 cts. grocers, 5c ct. per cup. Smaller tins at 30 cts.